

THS Knowledge, Skills and Understanding Curriculum for Music

Our school curriculum is bespoke and is designed to develop curious, kind and courageous pupils. In music lessons, children will be taught to:

- Perform, listen to, review and evaluate music across a range of historical periods, genres, styles and traditions, including the works of the great composers and musicians.
- Learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and compose music on their own and with others, have the opportunity to learn a musical instrument, use technology appropriately and have the opportunity to progress to the next level of musical excellence.
- Understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through the inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure and appropriate musical notations.

In EYFS and Key Stage One children begin by developing an understanding of contrasting sounds and how to use their singing voices musically. As well as learning the recorder and string instruments (violin, viola, cello), they will develop an understanding of the inter-related dimensions of music. In Key Stage Two children are taught to sing and play instruments musically with increasing confidence and control. They will have the opportunity to learn the ukulele, African drumming and how to play in a gamelan ensemble. They will develop an understanding of musical composition, organising and manipulating ideas within musical structures and reproducing sounds from aural memory.

This is a progressive curriculum which builds on children's knowledge, skills and understanding of music.

Knowledge: the absorption of information

Skills: application of knowledge

Understanding: the ability to take knowledge and skills and make real <u>meaning</u> from them. It is also the ability to transfer that understanding to other situations, still able to make meaning and sense of a situation, even if the facts or events have changed.



EYFS	Sings songs, makes music and dances, and experiments with ways of changing them. (ELG) Maintains attention, concentrates and sits quietly during appropriate activity. Listens attentively in a range of situations. (ELG) Is confident to speak or sing in a familiar group, will talk about his/her ideas. (ELG) IPC Links						
	Autumn Spring Summer						
Year R	Musical vocabulary:	Musical vocabulary:	Musical vocabulary:				
Knowledge	Speaking, chanting, singing voices, steady beat, fast and slow music.	Loud and quiet music	High and low music, senses and emotions.				
		Spring 1: Into the Woods	Summer 1: African Music				
	Autumn 1: Singing (Marvellous me!)	- Singing songs based on Fairy tales and woodland	- Lots of topic-based action songs, exploring high and				
	- Learning to use our singing voices	animals.	low in music.				
	- Lots of simple action songs, naming body parts.	- Using the Goldilocks and the 3 Bears story to	- Listening to African music and learning about their				
	 Number/ days of the week songs 	explore loud and quiet music, reflecting them with	instruments and playing some:				
	- Seasonal songs	voices, physical movements and percussion	Djembe drums, finger pianos, various African				
	- Learning some of the school assembly songs in	instruments.	percussion instruments				
	preparation for joining the rest of the school	- Continuing to learn the school's assembly songs.					
			Summer 2: The Seaside				
	Autumn 2: Transport + Nativity Song	Spring 2: Wild Animals	- Exploring senses and emotions through songs and				
	- Transport-themed songs using actions	- Learning animal songs with actions and games	stories				
	- Learning to feel the beat using body percussion.	- Learning the names for baby animals through song	- Explore how music can be used to tell a story,				
	 Learning about fast and slow in music and recognising different speeds. 	- Learning about plant growth and hibernation	creating class sound effects for a story using percussion.				
	- Experimenting with different speeds on a variety of	through songs related to Spring and Easter	- Develop musical memory and controlled use of				
	percussion instruments.	<u>Songs:</u>	percussion.				
	- Preparation for their song in the Nativity production	Do you know the story?	percussion.				
	- Treparation for their song in the Nativity production	3 Bears House	<u>Songs:</u>				
	Songs:	Animals	Che Che Kule / Hey Ungua				
	Cauliflowers Fluffy	Baby Animals	The Prehistoric Animal Brigade (Dinosaurs)				
	The THS Train	Composers/ pieces:	Come with me to the beach				
	<u>Composers/ pieces:</u>	Tchaikovsky: Sleeping Beauty	I do like to be beside the seaside				
	Heitor Villa-Lobos: The Little Train of the Caipira		<u>Composers/ pieces:</u>				
			Traditional African Music				
YR Skills and	Speak, chant and sing in a group.	Hold a steady beat with support.	Speak, chant and sing on their own.				
Understanding	Recognise fast and slow music.	Recognise loud and quiet music.	Recognise high and low music.				
	Perform a song to an audience.	Sing in assemblies.	Recognise and express senses and emotions				



KS1	National Curriculum:								
	- Use their voices expressively and creatively by	singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes.							
	- Play tuned and untuned instruments musically.								
	- Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music.								
	_	- Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music.							
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	Autumn	Spring	Summer						
Year 1	Musical vocabulary:	Musical vocabulary:	Musical vocabulary:						
Knowledge	Pitch, melody	Rising pitches, falling pitches, sitar, tabla	Pulse, rhythm, tempo, dynamics						
_			Notes: minims, crotchets, quavers						
	Autumn 1: Exploring Sounds + Harvest Assembly	Spring 1: Round the Seasons							
	- Develop knowledge/use of percussion instruments.	- Develop confidence in singing	Summer 1: Pulse and Rhythm						
	- Exploring pitch using singing games and controlled	- Singing seasonal songs with expression, paying	- Feeling the pulse in music						
	use of percussion.	attention to the pitch shape of the melody	- Learning about duration and names of different note						
	- Recognising high and low pitches	- Using sign language in a song	values: minim, crotchet, quaver.						
	- Learn Harvest songs	- Accompanying a song with vocal and instruments	- Feel the different notes in their bodies through body						
		- Recognising the difference between rising pitches,	percussion and percussion instruments.						
	Autumn 2: Nativity Production	falling pitches and pitches that stay the same	- Learning to draw notes						
	- Learn Nativity and Christmas songs	- Learning to recognise the sound of traditional	- Learn food rhythms to say, clap and play						
	- Learning to follow the conductor	Japanese instrument, the koto	 Improvising + composing own food rhythms. 						
	- Developing the ability to sing in time and in tune								
	- Developing the ability to sing with expression	Spring 2: Vivaldi's Four Seasons + Music from India	Summer 2: Musical Stories						
		- Discover how the environment has inspired	- Develop awareness of pitch through singing and						
	<u>Songs:</u>	composers throughout history.	playing and explore descriptive sounds in music.						
	Harvest songs (Our World)	- Make up a dance to the Winter music.	 Storytelling through music: Jack and the Beanstalk/ 						
	Nativity/ Christmas songs	- Exploring different sounds to accompany a poem.	Treasure Island/ Aesop's fable 'The Wind and the Sun'						
	Assembly songs	- Group compositions, one for each season	- Learning to read graphic scores.						
		- Learn about the classical Indian instruments: sitar,	 Developing use of dynamics and tempo in class 						
	<u>Composers/ pieces:</u>	tabla	compositions.						
	Igor Stravinsky: The Firebird								
		<u>Songs:</u>	<u>Songs:</u>						
		Round the Seasons	Okki Tokki Unga						
		Months of the Year Calypso	The Clock Song						
		Sakura	<u>Composers/ pieces:</u>						
		Almond Blossom	Aaron Copland: Rodeo – Hoe-down						
		Night of a Thousand Lights (India)							



Y1 Skills and Understanding	I can learn and perform chants, rhythms, raps and songs. I can learn to follow the conductor or band leader. I can understand that pitch describes how high or low sounds are.	Jai Ho (India) <u>Composers/ pieces:</u> Antonio Vivaldi: The Four Seasons Ravi Shankar: Finale from Symphony (India) I can find the pulse whilst listening to music and using movement. I can listen to music with sustained concentration. I can recognise different instruments. I can sing songs musically and understand how to	I can listen to, copy and repeat a simple rhythm or melody. I can begin to understand that the rhythm is a mixture of long and short sounds that happen over the pulse.
		warm up and project the voice whilst demonstrating good posture.	I can understand that dynamics describe how loud or quiet the music is. I can understand that tempo describes how fast or slow the music is. I can discuss feelings and emotions linked to different pieces of music. I can use the correct musical language to describe a piece of music.
	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Year 2	Musical vocabulary:	Musical vocabulary:	Musical vocabulary:
Knowledge	Pitch, dynamics, tempo, pulse, rhythm, tuned and untuned percussion, semibreve, rests	Song structure, cumulative songs, rounds, partner songs	Timbre, structure, crotchet rests, staccato, legato.
	Autumn 1: Exploring Rhythm and Pulse	Graphic notation, accompaniments, texture	Summer 1: Recorder + Carnival of the Animals (The Earth - Our Home)
	+ Harvest Assembly	Spring 1: Building Sounds (Buildings)	Recorder:
	- Refresh memory of pitch, dynamics and tempo.	- Exploring pitch through voices, movement and	Learn the first two notes: B, A,
	- Deepen understanding of pulse and rhythm	instruments.	- Pupils will develop note reading, music theory and
	and the ability to differentiate between them. - Performing simple rhythms using movement, body	- Understanding song structure and exploring different types of songs: cumulative songs, rounds,	ensemble skills. - Look at the structure of different recorder pieces.
	percussion and percussion instruments.	partner songs.	- Progress through <i>Ready, Steady Recorder book</i>
	- Learn Harvest songs	- Sing in two-part harmony	
	5	- Learning about different forms of notation	Carnival of the Animals:
	Autumn 2: Exploring Rhythm with Pitch +	- Using a graphic score and creating their own	- Develop understanding of different contrasts in
	Carol Assembly		music through the Carnival of the Animals.Dynamics: loud/quiet - lion/ cuckoo



	 Learn the difference between tuned and untuned percussion. Develop awareness + control of pitch through singing and playing tuned percussion. Learn and perform a simple melody on chime bars. Twinkle, twinkle, little star. Use pitch to respond expressively to stories. Songs: Sing Me One Wake! Shake! Funny Clown A Million Dreams (The Greatest Showman) Witch, Witch fell in a Ditch Composers/ pieces: Tchaikovsky: The Nutcracker Suite Dvorak: Largo (New World Symphony) Anna Meredith: Connect It	Spring 2: Food and Drink (You are what you eat) + Spring Concert - Using songs and accompaniments to create different layers of sound, developing an understanding of texture - Combining sounds to create different musical textures with percussion instruments and technology: Chrome Music Lab - Develop confidence and accuracy of performance in preparation for their supportive role in Y3's Spring Concert. Songs: Hard Hat Zone Breakfast Calypso (3-part round) Go Bananas Shortnin' Bread London's Burning (Great Fire of London link) September 1666: Al Start Spring Concert songs Composers/ pieces: Nitin Sawney: Homelands Kerry Andrews: No Place Like	 Tempo: fast/slow - wild asses/ tortoises Pitch: high/low - the aviary/elephant Staccato: short, detached, jumpy - kangaroo Legato: smoothly - swan Summer 2: Recorder + Carnival of the Animals Recorder: Learn the note: G Continue developing note reading, music theory and ensemble skills. Improvise on the recorder + play call and response games Each class perform a recorder piece in assembly Opportunity to continue learning the recorder in Y3 Recorder club. Carnival of the Animals: Explore how pitch, dynamics, tempo, are used for different animals in Carnival of the Animals. Compose and perform animal music in groups, using the inter-related dimensions of music they have learnt about during the year. Songs: Kookaburra Sits in the Old Gum Tree Hippopotamus Song Composers/ pieces: Saint-Saëns: The Carnival of the Animals
Y2 Skills and Understanding	I can find the pulse and internalise it in my head. I can confidently perform rhymes, raps and songs. I can use tuned and untuned classroom percussion to play accompaniments and tunes. I can practise, rehearse and perform music to an audience with confidence.	I can understand that the words in a song can affect its melody. I can sing a song in two parts. I can understand that structure describes how different sections of music are ordered. I can understand that texture describes the layers within the music.	I can play instruments using the correct techniques with respect. I can listen to and understand different pieces of high quality live and recorded music. I can describe a piece of music using musical language.



		I can improvise a simple rhythm using different instruments including my voice.	I can understand that timbre describes the character or quality of a sound. I can use tuned and untuned classroom percussion to compose and improvise. I can experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music.	
KS2	National Curriculum: - Play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instrum expression. - Improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the inter-related dimensions of musical instrum. - Listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory. - Use and understand staff and other musical notations. - Appreciate and understand a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from dimusicians. - Develop an understanding of the history of music.		sic.	
	Autumn	Spring	Summer	
Year 3 Knowledge	Musical vocabulary: Conductor, composer, timbre, minim and semibreve rests, orchestral families and their instruments. Autumn 1: The Orchestra + RMT's Whole Class Strings + Harvest Assembly - Learning about the orchestra and its four families: Strings, Woodwind, Brass and Percussion - Learning about the instruments in each family. - Listening to a wide selection of orchestral music, featuring individual instruments. - Demonstrations/videos from instrumental teachers. - Learn Harvest songs Whole Class Strings led by the Richmond Music Trust	Musical vocabulary: Pentatonic scale, ragas, improvising, composing, graphic scores Spring 1: Exploring Music from Around the World (Explorers and Adventurers) - Listen to traditional music from China, played on a pipa - Understanding the pentatonic scale. - Improvise and compose, using the pentatonic scale. - Play tuned percussion reading graphic scores. - Listen to music from India and learn about the Indian instruments: sitar, tabla, bansuri, harmonium. - Learn about Indian melody: Raga and Rhythm: Tala - Listen to different folk/ world music from around	Musical vocabulary: Dynamics, texture, graphic scores, structureSummer 1: Amazing Egyptians - Sing Egyptian themed songs - Exploring layers in a piece of music, creating different textures - Understanding the different effects created in music by varying timbre, texture and dynamics. - Reading graphic scores with percussion instruments - Create own graphic scores, composing and performing group pieces for percussion instrumentsSummer 2: Amazing Egyptians + Class Ensemble - Reading Egyptian-themed rhythms - Composing their own rhythms	



	 Playing and resting positions. How to pluck the strings. Various open string pieces. Autumn 2: The Orchestra + Whole Class Strings + Carol Assembly Peter and the Wolf: develop appreciation of different timbres and how important they are in musical story-telling. Class/ group compositions based on Peter and the Wolf. Whole Class Strings led by the Richmond Music Trust Learning how to use the bow with various open string pieces. Developing ensemble skills. Perform to an audience Opportunity to continue learning string instruments next term in paired lessons 	Spring 2: Exploring Music from Around the World + Spring Concert - Listen to music from Brazil - Appreciating a piece of classical music inspired by Brazilian folk music. - Compose train journey scores to perform - Appreciating steel band music from Trinidad and Tobago and singing a song in the same style - Develop confidence and accuracy of performance in preparation for their Spring Concert. Songs: Gung Hay Fat Choy Dis Long Time Gal Patterns in the Night Spring concert songs Composers/ pieces: Traditional Chinese music Traditional Steel Band Music: Dis Long time Gal Ravi Shankar: Finale from Symphony	Class ensemble: - Learning a piece for multiple parts - Rehearsals using percussion instruments, recorders and whatever instruments they are learning - Developing ensemble skills - Leading to various ensembles to join in Upper School Songs: Amazing Egyptians Tutankamun Walk Like an Egyptian Composers/ pieces: Philip Glass: The Funeral of Amenhotep III Elvis Presley: Hound Dog
Y3 Skills and	Chocolate, Molinillo (Spanish song) Charlie and the Chocolate factory songs <u>Composers/ pieces:</u> Prokofiev: Peter and the Wolf Modest Mussorgsky: Night on a Bare Mountain Vaughan Williams: The Lark Ascending I can listen with direction to a range of high-quality	Heitor Villa-Lobos: The Little Train of the Caipira	I can understand some formal, written notation
Understanding	music. I can confidently recognise a range of musical instruments. I can find the pulse in songs/music with confidence.	composer makes up a tune within boundaries. I can understand that composition is when a composer writes down and records a musical idea. I can sing songs with multiple parts with increasing confidence.	which includes crotchets and rests. I can begin to listen to and recall sounds with increasing aural memory. I can play and perform in solo or ensemble contexts with confidence.



	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Year 4	Musical vocabulary:	Musical vocabulary:	Musical vocabulary:
Knowledge	Opera, libretto, graphic score, dynamics, improvise, compose	Chords, notation, tablature (tab), major/ minor music	Ensemble skills, drone, ostinato, song introduction, medieval music and instruments
	Autumn 1: ENO Composing Project + Harvest Assembly- Learn Harvest songs- Use film stimulus and resources created by the ENO (English National Opera) to embark on a composing project- Finishing off a piece of music already begun by them- Listen to and appraise the music provided- Writing their own libretto through collaborative word banks- Interpret and use graphic scores Use a range of instruments to create different sounds, portraying different feelings and meaning Improvise and compose 2-3 musical phrases based on the class librettoAutumn 2: ENO Composing Project + Carol Concert - Experiment with the dynamics of the piece - Rehearse and record the class composition - Self evaluate the process and performance	 Spring 1: Ukuleles Ukuleles: Learn about the origin of the uke The body part names How to hold it Chords: learn C and F and alternate them Sing the chorus of 3 Little Birds with these chords Compose group songs or pieces of music with these chords Spring 2: Ukuleles + Spring Concert Ukuleles: Continue learning with Ukulele Magic Learn about the difference between major/ minor and tones/semitones. Learn Am, C7 and G7 chords Learn Active Planet topic linked songs and accompany them on the ukulele Learn how to read tablature Compose their own song, using a choice of chord structures from previously learned songs. Learning can continue with Ukulele ensemble next term 	 Summer 1: Global Warming (Saving the Planet) Global warming songs Develop class ensemble playing and singing in multiple parts with a song based on Global warming. Learn how to accompany a song with drone and ostinato on a variety of tuned instruments Summer 2: Medieval Music + Production Songs Explore the history of music and musical instruments from the Medieval period. Learn about the evolution of instruments, compositions, musical styles and famous/iconic composers. Compose medieval music in pairs, one person providing a drone accompaniment, the other creating the melody Production songs Practise, rehearse and perform more challenging music to an audience with increasing accuracy and confidence.
	- Listen to and appraise different operatic extracts	Spring Concert: - Develop confidence and accuracy of performance in	<u>Songs:</u> Global warming song
	- Develop confidence and accuracy of performance in preparation for their Carol Concert.	preparation for their Spring Concert.	Polar Bear Production songs
		<u>Songs:</u>	<u>Composers/ pieces:</u>
	<u>Songs:</u>	How Far I'll Go (Hawaii)	Gregorian Plainchant
	Harvest songs/ Carols	Lava	Hildegard: O Euchari
	Composers/ pieces:	Spring concert songs	Medieval instrumental music



Y4 Skills and Understanding	Pucinni: Nessum DormaMozart: Magic Flute extractsBizet: Habanera and Toreador SongRossini: William Tell OvertureI can confidently recognise a range of musicalinstruments and the different sounds they make.I can sing as part of an ensemble with confidenceand precision.I can use musical language to appraise a piece orstyle of music.	Composers/ pieces: Vivaldi's Winter JS Bach: Toccata and Fugue I can confidently recognise and explore a range of musical styles and traditions and know their basic style indicators. I can listen to and recall sounds with increasing aural memory. I can play and perform in solo or ensemble contexts with increasing confidence.	I can copy increasingly challenging rhythms using body percussion and untuned instruments. I can understand some formal, written notation which includes minims and quavers.
	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Year 5	Musical vocabulary:	Musical vocabulary:	Musical vocabulary:
Knowledge	Notation, time signatures - 2, 3 and 4 time, bass and	Ancient Greek instruments: lyre, aulos, pandoura,	Italian musical terms (performance directions),
Ū	treble clefs, ostinato, structure.	structure: ternary form	Gamelan instruments: gongs, gangsa, ceng-ceng, reyong, kempli, kendang
	Autumn 1: Space + Harvest Assembly	Spring 1: Ancient Greeks and Romans	
	- Learn Harvest songs	- Exploring 3 part singing and composition through Greek mythology.	Summer 1: Gamelan (Earth as an island) - Learn the different names of gamelan instruments.
	- Listen to and appraise Holst's Planets	- Learning to sing songs based on the stories of	- Experience a visiting Gamelan workshop.
	- Compose own planet music for 'Earth'	Orpheus, Echo and Theseus and accompanying them with melodic ostinati.	- Develop ensemble skills through playing different parts in the gamelan piece, Baris.
	- Begin Grade 1 Music theory book.	 Learn a round in Latin Composing musical phrases, taking inspiration from 	- Compose own group pieces in the style of the Gamelan piece they have practised.
	Autumn 2: Space + Carol Concert	Orff's 'O Fortuna' (Carmina Burana)	
	- Listening to songs and music based on the Solar		- Continue with Grade 1 Music theory book.
	system and analysing the compositions using musical vocabulary.	- Continue with Grade 1 Music theory book.	Summer 2: Classical and Romantic Music +
	 Interpret images to create descriptive sound sequences. 	Spring 2: Renaissance and Baroque Music + Spring concert	Production Songs - Listen and appraise music from the classical and
		- Recap Medieval music	Romantic periods
	- Link in with reading text, Romeo and Juliet, by looking at music inspired by the story	- Explore the history of music and musical instruments from the Renaissance and Baroque periods.	- Learn about the evolution of instruments, compositions, musical styles and famous/iconic composers from these periods.



	- Develop confidence and accuracy of performance in	- Learn about the evolution of instruments,	
	preparation for their Carol Concert.	compositions, musical styles and famous/iconic	- Continue with Grade 1 Music theory book.
		composers.	
	 Continue with Grade 1 Music theory book. 	- Learning to dance and play a renaissance dance in	Production songs:
		ternary form	- Practise, rehearse and perform more challenging
	Songs:		music to an audience with increasing accuracy and
	Harvest songs/ Carols	- Continue with Grade 1 Music theory book.	confidence.
	Sun Blast		
	Spaceship Jam	- Develop confidence and accuracy of performance in	<u>Composers/ pieces:</u>
		preparation for their Spring Concert.	Traditional Gamelan piece: Baris
	Composers/ pieces:		Mozart: Horn Concerto
	Holst: The Planets	Songs:	Haydn: Trumpet Concert
	George Crumb: Music of the Starry Night	Orpheus, Echo, Theseus songs	Beethoven: 5th Symphony
	Richard Strauss: Sunrise	Like a Roman	Debussy: Clair de lune/ La Mer
	Hans Zimmer: Earth	Dona Nobis Pacem (3-part round)	Tchaikovsky: 1812
	Prokofiev: Dance of the Knights (Romeo and Juliet, English text link)	Spring Concert songs	Modest Mussorgsky: Night on a Bare Mountain Rimsky-Korsakov: Flight of the Bumblebee
	Bernstein: Mambo	Composers/ pieces:	
		Orff: O Fortuna (Carmina Burana)	
		Monteverdi: L'Orpheo	
		JS Bach: Toccata and Fugue	
		Handel: Zadok the Priest/ Hallelujah Chorus	
Y5 Skills and	I can use and develop an understanding of formal,	I can improvise with increasing confidence using	I can play and perform in solo or ensemble contexts
Understanding	written notation which includes staff, semibreves	own voice, rhythms and varied pitch.	with some accuracy, control, fluency and expression.
	and dotted crotchets and their position on a staff.	I can listen with attention to detail and recall	I can understand how pulse and rhythm work
	I can sing as part of an ensemble with increasing	sounds with increasing aural memory.	together.
	confidence and precision.	I can develop an increasing understanding of the	I can compose complex rhythms from an increasing
		history and context of music.	aural memory.



	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Year 6	Musical vocabulary:	Musical vocabulary:	Musical vocabulary:
Knowledge	Jazz, swing, big band instruments, 12 bar blues, riff,	Djembe drumming: bass, tone, slap hits, improvising,	Ternary form, melodic phrases, Classical, Romantic,
	improvisation, upbeats.	call and response	20 th and 21 st Century periods in music history.
	Autumn 1: World War 2 + Harvest Assembly	Spring 1: Out of Africa	Summer 1: Compose your own piece!
	- Listen to jazz and blues music from WW2 time.	- Singing African call and response songs in 2 groups,	- Finish Grade 1 Music theory book; recap topics and
	- Play Duke Ellington's C-Jam Blues together on tuned	whilst reading through a script version of a	test knowledge.
	instruments.	traditional African story of Anansi, the spider-man.	- Put this knowledge into practice by composing a
	- Improvise for 8 counts while the rest of the class	- Combining rhythm cycles in a percussion piece for a	melody.
	play the 12 bar blues chord progression.	drum warning within the story.	- Composing a melody in ternary form using formal
		- Devising rhythmic movements, inspired by African	notation.
	- Learn Harvest songs	village life.	
		- Learn about traditional African instruments: kora,	- Explore the history of music and musical instruments
	- Continue with Grade 1 Music theory book.	balaphon, ngoni, different drums.	from the 20 th and 21 st Century periods.
			- Learn about the evolution of instruments,
	Autumn 2: World War 2 + Carol Concert	West African Djembe Drumming:	compositions, musical styles and famous/iconic
	- Compose and perform a 12 Bar Blues with chords,	- Learn how to sit with the djembe drum.	composers.
	riff and improvisations, using a combination of	- Learn 3 different ways to strike the drum.	
	instruments they play and classroom instruments.	- Develop ability to copy increasingly challenging	Summer 2: Production songs
		rhythms.	Production:
	- Transfer their compositional skills to garageband.	- Learn call and response sequences.	All Y6 children are involved in rehearsing and
	- Work in pairs with an ipad and splitters/		performing a production with singing, narration, actin
	headphones.	- Continue with Grade 1 Music theory book.	and movement. Including solo, duet, ensemble and
	- Compose and perform a 12 Bar Blues with chords,		chorus singing opportunities.
	riff, improvisations and a rhythm pattern using the	Spring 2: Out of Africa + Spring Concert	
	Garageband app.	West African Djembe Drumming:	<u>Composers/ pieces:</u>
		- Learning about Senegalese culture	Edward Elgar: Enigma Variations
	- Learn Christmas carols	- Understanding the role of a griot – master drummer	Benjamin Britten: Storm (Peter Grimes)
	 Continue with Grade 1 Music theory book. 	- Learning drumming techniques: bass, slap, tone	The Beatles: With a Little Help from my Friends
		- Learn calls and responses	James Brown: I Feel Good
	<u>Songs:</u>	 Recall sounds with increasing aural memory 	Nina Simone: Feeling Good
	Harvest songs/ Carols	 Develop effective improvising within a pulse 	Anna Meredith: Connect It
	Hey, Mr Miller	 Compose and record own rhythms 	Mason Bates: Anthology of Fantastic Zoology
	Swing, swing, swing	- Learn the African gumboot dance	
	I Wanna Sing Scat		



	Composers/ pieces:		- Develop confidence ar	nd accuracy of performance in			
	Vera Lynn: We'll meet	again	preparation for their Sp	ring Concert.			
	The Andrews Sisters: Boogie Woogie Bugle Boy Louis Prima/Benny Goodman: Sing sing sing Glenn Miller: In the Mood						
			- Continue with Grade 1	Music theory book.			
	Duke Ellington: C Jam I	Blues	Songs:				
	George Formby: When	I'm Cleaning Windows	African Call and Respon	se songs			
	Gershwin: Rhapsody in		Spring Concert songs	5			
			Composers/ pieces:				
			Traditional African mus	ic			
			Ladysmith Black Mamb	azo			
			Florence Price: Symphon				
			Joseph Bologne: Symph	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Y6 Skills and		cuss the dimensions of music		standing and use of formal,	-	ole composition and record it using	
Understanding	and recognise them in music heard. I can improvise and compose music for a range of		written notation which includes staff, semibreves and dotted crotchets.		formal notation. I can develop a deeper understanding of the history		
		purposes using the inter-related dimensions of		I can listen with attention to detail and recall		and context of music.	
	music.		sounds with increasing aural memory and accuracy.		I can appreciate and understand a wide range of		
	I can sing as part of an			in solo or ensemble contexts		nd recorded music from different	
	confidence and precisi	on.	with increasing accuracy, control, fluency and		traditions and from great composers and musicians.		
			expression.				
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	
Extra-curricular	Singing assemblies	- YR/1 Nativity	- Y4,5&6 Choir: Young	- Y2+3 Spring Concert		- Y6 Production, supported	
Singing,	every week	- Lower School Carol	Voices Concert at the	- Upper School Themed		by Y4&5 Choir (all children)	
Concerts,	throughout the year	Assembly	02	Spring Concert		- Upper School Summer	
Workshops	(singing an eclectic	- Upper School Carol		- Y4,5&6 Choir: RMT		Concert	
	range of songs in	Concert at St Mary the		Singing Festival at the Rose		- After school Recital for	
	different styles)	Virgin		Theatre		children having individual	
		- LSO KS2 Concert at the		- After school Recital for		music lessons	
	Harvest Assemblies	Barbican		children having individual			
		- After school Recital for		music lessons			
		children having individual		- LSO KS2 Concert at the			
		children navnig marviadan					



		- Y5+6 Choir: carols on Sheen High Street - Y6 attend Future Makers Schools Concert at the Royal Albert Hall				
Extra-curricular	Lower School and Uppe	er School Choirs				
Clubs	Middle School Recorder Club					
	Upper School Ensemble	es for Strings, Woodwind and U	Ikulele			

Resources:

Music Schemes: Music Express and Ann Bryant SingUp Richmond Music Trust BBC Bitesize Music

BBC Ten Pieces

Out of the Ark

Young Voices

The Voices Foundation

Voiceworks

Inspire Works

Chrome Music Lab

The Orff Society

The Benedetti Music Foundation

Kodaly

Dalcroze Eurythmics